


湘南工科大学附属高等学校

令和6年度 オープン入学試験問題





英 語

[注意] 解答はすべて解答用紙の所定の欄に記入しなさい。

 部分がマークシート方式により解答する解答欄です。

マーク上の注意事項

- 1 HB 又は B の鉛筆（シャープペンシルも可）を使って、○の中を正確に塗りつぶすこと。
- 2 答えを直すときは、きれいに消して、消しくずを残さないこと。
- 3 決められた欄以外にマークしたり、記入したりしないこと。

良い例	悪い例		
	 線	 小さい	 はみ出し
	 丸囲み	 レ点	 うすい

* 問題は 1 ～ 7 の 7 題です。

1 次の英文をよく読み、それに続く設問に答えなさい。

Taylor Swift is one of the most popular singers in the world today. She is also a model for fashion magazines. But she was not always so popular.

Taylor Swift started singing country music in *Pennsylvania when she was eleven. Country music is an older form of music which adults usually enjoy. So other kids at her school thought that she was strange because she liked to sing country music. Over time, these friends (1) stop talking to her.

One day, she invited many of her friends to go to the shopping center, but all of them said they were busy. So, Taylor went with her mother. When they got there, Taylor saw all the girls shopping together without her. Soon after that, Taylor (2) begin eating lunch at school alone.

Taylor asked her parents to take her to *Nashville, a city in Tennessee, because many country singers and musicians worked there. (3) Her parents decided to move there to help her dream come true. Taylor's parents believed that she could succeed. They were right. At age fourteen, she got a * contract with RCA Records, a major music company.

RCA wanted Taylor to sing other people's songs until she was an adult. Taylor did not like (4) this. She wanted to write and sing her own songs about her life and the boys she dated. The record company did not think that older country fans would want to hear (5) a teenage girl talk about her life.

Taylor left RCA and joined a smaller record company that * released her records. Her music became very popular with not only country music fans but also teenagers. Soon, many people thought Taylor was a major pop star. Young people who didn't normally listen to country music loved her music, too.

One day she returned to Pennsylvania to do a concert. Her old classmates came to the concert and were excited to see her. They treated her like a star. They forgot that they didn't talk to her in junior high school. Taylor realized (6) her life were much different from before.

注) Pennsylvania : アメリカのペンシルバニア州 Nashville: ナッシュビル (町の名前)
contract: 契約 release : 発売する

1. 子ども時代のTaylorについて書かれた次の英文の空欄に入れるのに適切な 1 語を次の 1 ～ 4 から 1 つ選び、マークしなさい。

Other kids thought that Taylor was strange because she sang country music.
At that time it was a music for [].

1. kids 2. adults 3. magazines 4. school

2. 下線部(1)と(2)を正しい形に直すとき、それぞれ適切なものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|-------------|------------|
| (1) 1. was stopped | 2. has stopped | 3. stopping | 4. stopped |
| (2) 1. begun | 2. beginning | 3. began | 4. begins |

3. 下線部(3)の和訳として、最も適切なものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

1. テイラーの親は、その町に引っ越すことが自分たちの夢だったので、そこに引っ越すことに決めた。
2. テイラーの親は、彼女のその町を移動しながら歌うという夢をかなえるためにそこに行くことを決めた。
3. テイラーの両親は、彼女をその町に送り彼女の夢を形づくることを決めた。
4. テイラーの両親は、彼女が夢をかなえるのを手助けするためにそこに引っ越すことを決めた。

4. 下線部(4)の内容を説明する語句として適切なものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

1. to write her own songs until she was an adult
2. to sing other people's songs until she was an adult
3. singing her own songs when she was an adult
4. not to sing other people's songs until she was an adult

5. 下線部(5)は誰を指しているか。最も適切なものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

1. a country fan 2. Taylor 3. Taylor's friend 4. a worker at a record company

6. 下線部(6)の内容を最も適切に表しているものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

1. 彼女は大人になり、昔の同級生の事は忘れてしまったのだということ。
2. 彼女は都会の生活になじみ、故郷の暮らしには戻れないのだということ。
3. 彼女は、レコード会社を移ったことで、大きな仕事をもらえなくなったのだということ。
4. 彼女は昔、彼女をのけ者にした同級生からも好かれるようになったということ。

7. 次の英文は本文の要点をまとめたものである。空欄(7)から(9)に入る語句として適切なものを次の1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

Taylor Swift was lonely at school in Pennsylvania but she is a (7) pop star today. Maybe her friends thought she was strange for singing country music. When she invited them to go to the shopping center, they left her alone by saying they were too (8) to go there.

But her parents believed that a lot of people would love her songs. So they moved to Nashville because many country musicians came from there. She joined a major music company there. After that she moved to a smaller record company. She could write and sing her (9) songs there and they are loved by young people.

- | | | | |
|----------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|
| (7) 1. fashion | 2. famous | 3. most | 4. child |
| (8) 1. tired | 2. long | 3. busy | 4. far |
| (9) 1. own | 2. lonely | 3. lovely | 4. friends' |

2 次の[A]、[B]の各設問に答えなさい。

[A] 次の会話を読み、その会話の流れから考えて、空欄 (A) ～ (D)に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ 1 ～ 4の中から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

Hiroto and Miu are family. Hiroto is a high school student and Miu is a junior school student. They are talking in the morning.

Miu: What are your plans for today, Hiroto?

Hiroto: I have homework to do, so I'll go to the library later. I also want to borrow some books from there.

Miu: Do you need to read them for your homework?

Hiroto: No, I've already finished almost all of my homework for the summer vacation.
(A) I need a little more time for it.

Miu: What is a Bibliobattle?

Hiroto: A Bibliobattle is a kind of book discussion club. In it, four to six people make a group and each person gives a presentation to recommend a book which they have already read. Then, they will discuss how good each book is and decide which book is the best in the group. (B) It spread gradually. Now, many students in different schools do it and there is even a contest around the country.

Miu: Have you already read a book for the Bibliobattle?

Hiroto: Yes, I have. I read the easier version of *"Seven Habits of Highly Effective People".

Miu: Really? (C)

Hiroto: Yes, that's the one.

Miu: How was the book? Was it good?

Hiroto: Yes, of course. That's why I chose it for my book to recommend.

Miu: I want to read it one day, too. Was the book interesting to you? What was it about?

Hiroto: The book is about the seven habits you need to live a good life. The book says it is important to be *independent, and think of your goal first.

Miu: I see.

Hiroto: The book also says it is important to make a plan according to the goals in our life. We need to do the most important things first. Life is limited. If we do unimportant things, we will not have enough time to do the important things. When I was a junior high school student, I tried to study hard. But, it was really hard for me to cover all of the subjects, and I wasn't able to succeed. I had to practice basketball every day as well. So, mom recommended the book (D). The book was interesting. You should read it as well.

Miu: Yeah, I want to read it one day.

Hiroto: No, you should read it soon, because reading it is important for your life.

Miu: Oh, right. Then, can I borrow it?

Hiroto: Of course. The original Seven Habit is very difficult for students, but mom recommended the easier version for children.

Miu: Thank you. By the way, could I ask you a favor later? Could you help me with my homework? I'll be at the café inside the library on the first floor.

Hiroto: Sure, I'll drop by the café around 1 p.m. after I finish worksheet for the Bibliobattle. See you later.

注) “Seven Habits of Highly Effective People” : 『7つの習慣』という本の題名
 independent : 自立した、依存していない

(A)

1. The book I will talk about in the Bibliobattle is not so famous.
2. I've already packed my clothes for a trip during summer vacation.
3. The hardest homework for me was the preparation for the Bibliobattle.
4. Bibliobattle is a video game which is popular among students.

(B)

1. The habits are really important to live a good life so the book sold well.
2. We needed to give it to the writer of the book we chose.
3. Book discussion club was a good way to know about history of libraries.
4. My teacher said it was created by a university professor around fifteen years ago.

(C)

1. Is it a good book because it is helpful for us?
2. Is that the book mom told us to read some time ago?
3. Who is your favorite writer to recommend in the Bibliobattle?
4. Is the Bibliobattle a kind of game to know many different books?

(D)

1. because I was not good at making plans
2. because she was not interested in the book
3. because she was fond of online shopping
4. because I am good at playing basketball

[B] 次の英文を読み、空欄 (ア) ～ (エ)に入る最も適切なものをそれぞれ 1 ～ 4 の中から 1つ選び、マークしなさい。

There is an old saying in English: "Laughter is the best medicine". Until recently, few people took the saying very seriously. Now, however, doctors have found that laughter is (ア) for the human body. Laughter really can improve people's health.

Tests were done to find out how laughter affects the body. People watched funny movies, while doctors checked their *heart rate, *blood pressure, and *muscles. It was found that laughter has similar effects to (イ). It increases blood pressure, the heart rate and *the rate of breathing. It also works several groups of muscles in the face, the *stomach, and even the feet. If laughter exercises the body, it must be very good for us.

Other tests showed that laughter has a good effect on the human body. In one experiment, doctors produced pain in groups of students who were listening to different radio programs. The group which listened to a (ウ) program tolerated the pain for the longest time. It was found that laughter helps to produce natural chemicals in the brain that *diminish both stress and pain.

(エ) of these discoveries, some doctors in the United States now hold laughter clinics. They try to improve their patients' condition by laughter. They have found that even if their patients do not really feel like laughing, making them smile is also as good as laughter.

注) heart rate : 心拍数	blood pressure : 血圧	muscles : 筋肉
the rate of breathing : 呼吸数	stomach : 胃	diminish : ～を減らす

- | | | | |
|--------------------|----------------|--------------|-------------|
| (ア) 1. bad | 2. difficult | 3. good | 4. kind |
| (イ) 1. exercise | 2. medicine | 3. hospital | 4. sleeping |
| (ウ) 1. boring | 2. funny | 3. longest | 4. shorter |
| (エ) 1. For example | 2. As a result | 3. Of course | 4. Not only |

- 3 次の(1)～(5)の英文の空所に入る最も適切な語（句）を、それぞれ1～4から選び、マークしなさい。

(1) The station was full [] people because the trains were late.

1. by 2. for 3. of 4. on

(2) Kazuma doesn't like tomatoes, [] he?

1. did 2. didn't 3. does 4. doesn't

(3) [] careful not to fall on the wet floor.

1. Be 2. Are 3. Do 4. Does

(4) In my [], we should have another computer room in our company.

1. trouble 2. opinion 3. rule 4. crowd

(5) My uncle lives in Italy. Last year, I [] my summer vacation there.

1. broke 2. caught 3. flew 4. spent

4 次の(1)～(5)の各組の英文がほぼ同じ意味になるように、[]内に入る最も適切な語(句)を、それぞれ1～4から選び、マークしなさい。

(1) She wrote the letters to her brother.

The letters [] to her brother by her.

1. are writing 2. written 3. is written 4. were written

(2) The house standing over there is my uncle's.

The house [] stands over there is my uncle's.

1. who 2. which 3. what 4. whom

(3) Let's go for a walk.

[] we go for a walk ?

1. Shall 2. May 3. Would 4. Must

(4) Speaking English is difficult for me.

[] English is difficult for me.

1. Speak 2. To speak 3. Spoke 4. Spoken

(5) He made his son a large box.

He made a large box [] his son.

1. at 2. with 3. for 4. from

- 5 次の(1)～(5)の日本語の意味になるようにそれぞれの【 】内の語(句)を並べかえ、英文を完成させなさい。そのとき、【 】内で3番目と5番目にくる語(句)の番号をマークしなさい。ただし、文頭に来る語も小文字で記してある。

(1) 私にとって友達を作ることは簡単です。

It is 【 1. for 2. friends 3. me 4. easy 5. make 6. to 】.

(2) ドアの前に立っている少年はだれですか？

Who 【 1. of 2. is 3. front 4. in 5. standing 6. that boy 】 the door?

(3) 夕食用のパンが足りません。

【 1. for 2. enough 3. have 4. don't 5. we 6. bread 】 dinner.

(4) 彼はしばらくの間、歩くことができないでしょう。

He 【 1. be 2. for 3. to 4. walk 5. able 6. won't 】 a while.

(5) カナダではどこに滞在するか決まりましたか。

【 1. stay 2. have 3. where 4. decided 5. you 6. to 】 in Canada?

- 6 次の各英文には[]内の語が入る箇所がある。その箇所を、 1 2 3 4 から1つずつ選び、マークしなさい。

[who]

(1) I have 1 a friend 2 has lived 3 in Paris 4 for three years.

[boring]

(2) It was 1 so 2 that I felt 3 sleepy 4 while watching TV.

- 7 次の(1)～(5)の英文の説明が表す最も適切な英単語を、それぞれ1～4から1つ選び、マークしなさい。

(1) you can buy it at convenience stores, there are a lot of pages in articles

1. newspaper 2. newscaster 3. bread 4. dictionary

(2) to do something or to give a show in public

1. harm 2. interact 3. perform 4. laugh

(3) a large vegetable with green or purple leaves shaped into a round head

1. cucumber 2. cabbage 3. envelope 4. mankind

(4) the person or thing that you like best

1. android 2. pastime 3. favorite 4. decision

(5) a food, especially a candy, made from beans that grow on the tropical cacao tree

1. chocolate 2. sugar 3. milk 4. cheese

